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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/963,687	09/27/2001	Anand Srinivasan	P 282960 13475RO	9019
909	7590 08/23/2004	EXAMINER		INER
PILLSBURY WINTHROP, LLP P.O. BOX 10500		LOHN, JOSHUA A		
MCLEAN,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2114	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applican	t(s)
	09/963,687	SRINIVAS	SAN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Joshua A Lohn	2114	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover	sheet with the correspond	ence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, howe eply within the statutory mini od will apply and will expire S ute. cause the application to	ver, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be consid SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing data	e of this communication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	September 2001.		
	nis action is non-fina	l.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow			s to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde			
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdi		tion.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>1-7,11,12,16-18,20-24,26-38,41,42</u>	.46-48 and 50 is/are	reiected.	
7) Claim(s) 8-10,13-15,19,25,39-40,43-45 and		•	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and			
Application Papers	·		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	nor		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 September 2001</u> is		d or h) objected to by th	o Eveminor
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		_	• /
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the l			
	Examinor: Note the	attached Office Action of the	JIII 10-132.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35	J.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
 Certified copies of the priority docume 	nts have been recei	ved.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been recei	ved in Application No	<u> </u>
Copies of the certified copies of the pr	iority documents hav	ve been received in this Na	ational Stage
application from the International Bure	•	• •	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	st of the certified cop	pies not received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 📗	nterview Summary (PTO-413)	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	8) 5) 🔲 1	aper No(s)/Mail Date lotice of Informal Patent Applicat hther:	on (PTO-152)
S Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No	./Mail Date 08172004

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 11 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The limitation, regarding "initializing the state of said server", is indefinite because of the existence of multiple different servers in the referenced parent claim that make a determination of which server is "said server" impossible.

Claim 31 recites the limitation "said self-monitoring" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. A proper correction would read "a self-monitoring", and this is the interpretation used in the following rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-7, 12, 16-18, 20-24, 26-38, 42, 46-48, and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Basani et al., United States Patent 6,748,447, filed April 7, 2000.

As per claim 1, Basani discloses, a method for operating a fault-tolerant server group in client-server distributed dynamic network systems that includes receiving, by a master server in a fault-tolerant server group, a request sent by a client (Basani, col. 8, lines 24-47). Basani also discloses the fault-tolerant server group comprising the master server and at least one back-up server (Basani, col. 14, lines 1-65, where the members of the content group act as backup servers). Basani further discloses the master server registering its mastership in a name server (Basani, col. 15, lines 39-48, where the content control manager acts as a name server) and communicating with both the client (Basani, col. 8, lines 31-40) and the at least one back-up server (Basani, col. 15, lines 19-48). Basani discloses every server in said server group, including the master server and the at least one back-up server, having a self-monitoring mechanism, with the self-monitoring mechanism ensuring that said fault-tolerant server group has a consistent mastership situation (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20, where the voting process and all related state machines maintain a consistent mastership situation). Basani discloses processing, by the fault-tolerant server group, the request to produce a result (Basani, col. 8, lines 24-47), with the request being processed concurrently by said master server and said at least one back-up server (Basani, col. 11, lines 8-67, where the shadow copy represents the processing of a backup). Basani also discloses sending, by the master server, the result to the client (Basani, col. 8, lines 40-47).

As per claim 2, Basani discloses determining, by the self-monitoring mechanism, whether multiple master servers exist within the fault-tolerant server group; and restoring a consistent mastership situation in which a sole server serves as said master server in the fault-tolerant server group (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20).

As per claim 3, Basani discloses a method for operating a self-monitoring mechanism in fault-tolerant distributed dynamic network systems that includes detecting an inconsistent situation in which more than a desired number of master servers exist; and recovering, if the inconsistent situation is detected by the detecting, from the inconsistent situation to create a consistent situation in which the desired number of master server exists (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 21).

As per claim 4, Basani discloses that the detection includes identifying a master server that is not a name server master server, wherein the name server master server is a server defined as a master in a name server, the master server that is different from a name server master server causing the inconsistent situation (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where in a new election no master is defined and multiple leader claims lead to an inconsistent situation that is identified for resolution).

As per claim 5, Basani discloses that the identifying a master server comprises selecting a server whose state indicates that the server is a master (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the leader claim represents a master state), determining the server, selected by the selecting, as the master server that causes the inconsistent situation if the server is not a name server master server defined in the name server (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the priority claims make a preferred master that will keep the situation inconsistent until voted the group leader), and setting the state of the server as master if the server is the name server master server (Basani, col. 14, lines 10-14, where a list of pre-assigned leaders is checked to help

determine master, the list is created by the name server, or content control master, see col. 13, line 51, through col. 14, line 14).

As per claim 6, Basani discloses that identifying a master of a back-up server includes selecting a server whose state indicates that the server is a back-up (Basani, col. 14, lines 10-12, where all non-leaders act as back-ups), and determining the master of the server, selected by the selecting, as causing the inconsistent situation if the master of the server is not a name server master server defined in the name server (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where if in an inconsistent situation the servers vote to determine the new master, or leader, of the server group who will later be referenced in the name server as the group leader).

As per claim 7, Basani discloses that the recovering from the inconsistent situation includes setting the master of a server, identified by either the identifying a master server or the identifying a master of a back-up server, to be a name server master server (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the leader resolution results in setting a master, or leader, of the server group that includes the master and all back-ups), synchronizing the state of the server with the state of the name server master server (Basani, col. 15, lines 18-48, where the registration is used to synchronize the state of the server to have the same content group indications as the master server). Basani also discloses terminating the server if said synchronizing is not successful (Basani, col. 15, lines 18-47, where a lack of registration indicates that the server is terminated from the perspective of group membership), and setting the state of said server as a back-up, if said synchronizing is successful (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20, where once in a content group all non-leader servers are automatically functioning as back-up).

As per claim 12, Basani discloses triggering a server to perform the detecting (Basani, col. 14, lines 28-30, where a server detects an inconsistent leader situation triggered by the lack of "leader alive" messages).

As per claim 16, Basani discloses reinitializing a time-out mechanism when no inconsistent situation is detected by said detecting (Basani, col. 14, lines 10-30, where the "leader alive" messages reinitialize a time-out mechanism to indicate no inconsistent situation exists).

As per claim 17, Basani discloses a method for operating a name server including detecting multiple registrations of master servers (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the multiple leader claims represent multiple master server registrations). Basani further discloses retaining, when multiple registrations of master servers are detected, one master server registration according to a criterion (Basani, col. 14, lines 46-65, where the priority claims generated in the voting are based upon selection criterion).

As per claim 18, Basani discloses that the multiple registrations of master servers use a same server group's name with different server IDs (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where all leader claims would have the same group name, reflecting their "content group", but each server would have a different IP address, see col. 15, lines 1-47).

As per claim 20, Basani discloses triggering a self-monitoring mechanism when multiple registrations of master servers are detected (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the finite state machine is a self-monitoring mechanism triggered in the event of conflicting leader claims, or master server registrations).

As per claim 21, Basani discloses a fault-tolerant server group in distributed dynamic network systems including a client and a fault-tolerant server group for providing a service to said client (Basani, col. 8, lines 24-47). Basani further discloses the fault-tolerant server group comprising at least one master server and at least one back-up server (Basani, col. 14, lines 1-65, where non-leader members of the content group act as back-up servers). Basani also discloses the master server communicating with the client (Basani, col. 8, lines 31-40), the fault-tolerant server group having a self-monitoring mechanism that ensures that a consistent mastership situation in the fault-tolerant server group (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20). Basani also discloses a name server for registering the mastership of a master server corresponding to the fault-tolerant server group (Basani, col. 15, lines 39-48, where the content control manager acts as a name server to register group master servers, or leaders).

As per claim 22, Basani discloses that the self-monitoring mechanism includes a portion installed on the at least one master server and the at least one back-up server, in the fault-tolerant server group (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20, where all servers are involved in the monitoring and voting to maintain a consistent situation).

As per claim 23, Basani discloses a detection mechanism for detecting an inconsistent situation in which more than a desired number of master servers exist and a

recovery mechanism for recovering, if the inconsistent situation is detected by the detection mechanism, from the inconsistent situation to create a consistent situation in which the desired number of master servers exist (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 21).

As per claim 24, Basani discloses that the detection mechanism includes a trigger that reacts upon an external event to activate the detection mechanism to perform the detecting (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20, where the transmission and possible absence of the "leader alive" message is used to trigger the activation of the detecting), a time-out mechanism for generating an activation signal, according to a timeout criterion, to start the detecting (Basani, col. 14, lines 28-30), and a detector for performing the detecting, the detector being activated by either the trigger or the time-out mechanism (Basani, col. 14, lines 28-42).

As per claim 26, Basani discloses that the external event includes when a master server detects the existence of another master server (Basani, col. 14, line 10, through col. 15, line 20, where if a leader, or master, receives a "leader alive" message it will trigger the voting and leader detection mechanisms).

As per claim 27, Basani discloses that the time-out mechanism includes a timer and counts towards the time-out criterion based on the timer (Basani, col. 14, lines 28-65).

As per claim 28, Basani discloses that the detector includes an initializer for initializing a timer, time-out criterion, and self-monitoring state, and a determiner for determining whether a server is involved in said inconsistent situation (Basani, col. 14, Application/Control Number: 09/963,687

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line 1, through col. 15, line 21, where the transmission of "leader alive" messages initializes each iteration of the timeout and monitoring mechanisms, and the finite state machine works with the timer and self-monitoring mechanisms to determine an inconsistent situation).

As per claim 29, Basani discloses that the recovery mechanism includes an alignment mechanism for aligning a server with the master server by assigning one of the master servers as the master of the server (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the resolution of the master voting assigns a master to each server in the content group). Basani further discloses a synchronization mechanism for synchronizing the state of the server with the state of the one of the master servers, and a state assignment mechanism for assigning the state of the server (Basani, col. 15, lines 18-48, where the registration synchronizes the states of the servers to establish the content group membership and assigns this state to each member).

As per claim 30, Basani discloses a system of a name server that includes a detector for detecting multiple registrations of master servers (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the self-checking will detect multiple leader claims that result in multiple servers attempting to register as master). Basani also discloses a correction unit for, when multiple registrations of master servers are detected, retaining only one master server registration (Basani, col. 14, line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where the finite state machine is used to pick a single master server).

As per claim 31, Basani discloses a triggering mechanism for triggering a selfmonitoring when multiple registrations of master servers are detected (Basani, col. 14,

line 28, through col. 15, line 20, where a self-monitoring is triggered by the "leader alive" message received by a leader, causing an uncertain state).

As per claims 32-38, 42, 46-48, and 50, these claims consist of software code used to implement the methods of the limitations expressed in claims 1-7, 12, 16-18, and 20 respectively. Basani discloses a system that is used to distribute data files, having controls actively interacting with transport-layer and unicast protocols to transmit data packets (Basani, col. 4, line 63, through col. 5, line 14), all of which include software aspects and would use the execution of software program code to allow the necessary interaction and control. Thus the rejections applied to the method of claims 1-7, 12, 16-18, and 20 are also relevant in the software environment and apply in the rejection of claims 32-38, 42, 46-48, and 50 under the same grounds

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 8-10, 13-15, 19, 25, 39-40, 43-45, and 49 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure is provided on form PTO-892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joshua A Lohn whose telephone number is (703) 305-3188. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Beausoleil can be reached on (703) 305-9713. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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JAL

Roberth Bearnol A